TL6660-1

COMISSÃO PARA OS DIREITOS DO POVO MAUBERE *

Comissão constituída para apoiar as posições de **Fretilin** na Sessão sobre **Timor Leste** do Tribunal Permanente dos Povos

Commission constituted to support the positions of **Fretilin** in the Session on **East Timor** of the Permanent Peoples Tribunal

DOC. 7

RESOLUTIONS APPROVED BY INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS ON THE QUESTION OF EAST TIMOR

1. UNITED NATIONS
2. NON-ALIGNED COUNTRIES
3. WORLD PARLIAMENT OF THE PEOPLES FOR PEACE

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1. UNITED NATIONS ORGANIZATION

On December 7th 1975, the Portuguese Government informed the President of the Security Council that, on the same morning, naval, air and territorial forces of the Republic of Indonesia had launched an attack against the territory of Timor. Portugal considered the Indonesian armed intervention as an "act of agression" and demanded that an urgent meeting of the Security Council be called (ANNEX I).

The United Nations General Assembly and Security Council took a stand on the 12th and 22nd December respectively, against the Indonesian intervention and called for an immediate retreat of the invading forces (ANNEXES II and III).

Following the report submitted by Vittorio Winspeare Gnicciardi who was designated by the United Nations General Secretary as special representative and sent to East Timor in order to make an inquiry on the situation of that territory, the Security Council once again met on April 22nd,1976 and adopted a new resolution appealing that the Indonesian forces retreat and affirming the Maubere People's right to self-determination and independence (ANNEX IV).

Since 1976 the East Timor question has been included in the United Nations General Assemblies Agenda and until 1980, several resolutions have been approved, affirming the Maubere People's right to self-determination and independence (ANNEXES V, VI, VII, VIII and IX).

For the next session of the General Assembly (36th session) the East Timor issue has once more been included in the interim agenda.

2. NON-ALIGNED COUNTRIE'S CONFERENCE

Since the Colombo meeting (16-19/8/76) the East Timor question has been discussed in the non-aligned countrie's meetings. In the final resolutions of these meetings, whether they be summit meetings or ministerial meetings of the coordination Bureau, the affirmation of the Maubere People's reight to self-determination is always present.

Thus, the Political Declaration of the Colombo summit (from 16th to 19th August 1976) states in its point 36:

"The Conference affirms the East Timor People's right to self-determina

tion, according to the Resolutions of the United Nations General Assembly, and the Security Council".

In the official report of the Ministerial Meeting of the Coordination Bureau held at New Delhi from the 7th to the 11th April 1977 it is stated (Point 54): "Bearing in mind the decision adopted at the 5th Conference of the Non-Aligned countries at the highest level, the Bureau confirms the East Timor People's right to self-determination, according to the resolutions of the United Nations General Assembly and Security Council".

The contents of point 90 of the Coordination Bureau's official report at the Havana meeting (12th to 20th May, 1978) are exactly the same and, at the Ministerial Conference held at Belgrad from the 25th to the 30th July 1978, it is also stated:

"Following the decision of the Non-Aligned Countries 5th Conference, the Ministers reaffirm the East Timor People's right to self-determination, according to the resolution 1514 (XV) of the General Assembly".

3. WORLD PARLIAMENT OF THE PEOPLES FOR PEACE

In the meeting held in Sofia (September, 23-27, 1980) was approved the following resolution:

"The World Parliament of the Peoples for Peace extends its full support to the people of East Timor in their heroic struggle against the occupation of their country by the Indonesian regime. It condemns the agression against the Democratic Republic of East Timor and the policy of genocide carried out by the Indonesian military occupation forces against the people of East Timor.

The World Parliament of the Peoples for Peace demands the immediate withdrawal of the Indonesian occupation forces from East Timor according to the resolutions of the United Nations, and the decisions of the Fifth and Sixth Summits of the Non-Aligned countries held in Colombo and Havana on East Timor.

It appeals to the peoples of the world to mobilise political, moral and material support for the struggle of the people of East Timor and their legitimate representative, the Revolutionary Front for an Independent East Timor (FRETILIN), for self-determination and independence. It calls on them to observe a Month of Solidarity with East Timor in December 1981".

ANNEX 1

Letter dated from the 7th December 1975 adressed to the President of the Security Council by the Permanent Representative of Portugal at the United Nations.

On the name of my Government, I have the honour to inform you that in the early morning of the 7th December, naval, air and land forces from the Republic of Indonesia undertook an ofensive action against the portuguese territory of Timor, particulary against the city of DILI where naval bombardments occured as well as landing of troops.

As the administrative responsible power in Timor the Portuguese Govern ment brought notice to the United Nations of the most remarkeble events which have taken place during the decolonization process in this non-autonomous territory.

The military intervention of Indonesian armed forces against Timor constitutes an act of agression which endangers the cause of peace and the exercise of the right to self-determination, liberty and independence of the People of this territory.

Under these circunstances, it is impossible for Portugal not only to restablish peace in Timor but also to ensure, according to the Charte and decisions of the United Nations, the development of the decolonization process by peacefull and negotiated means.

On these conditions, I would like to ask if you would not mind to summon, as soon as possible, the Security Council so that the military agression from Indonesia may come to an end and conditions may be created to enable the decolonization process to be pursued, under the United Nations support, in accordance to the Charte dispositions, the resolution 1514 (XV) and the applicable resolutions of the United Nations.

I would ask you as well to be so kind as to allow Portugal to participate in the deliberations with the Council on this affair.

I hope you will not mind looking for a text enclosed with this letter concerning the communicate published today by the cabinet Council of Portugal about these same events.

I will be very much obliged, finally, if it might be at all possible for you to distribute the text of this very letter as well as the one enclosed as an official document from the Security Council.

(Signed) José Manuel Galvão Teles
Permanent Representative of Portugal at the
United Nations.

ANNEX II

Text of General Assembly resolution 3485 (XXX) Question of Timor,adopted at its 2439th meeting of 12 December 1975

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

Recognizing the inalienable right of all people to self-determination and independence in accordance with the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples, contained in its resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960,

Having examined the chapter of the report of the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and People relating do the question of Timor,

Having heard the statements of the representatives of Portugal, as the administering Power, concerning developments in Portuguese Timor and the implementation with regard to that Territory of the relevant provisions of the Charter and the Declaration, as well as those of General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV) of 15 December 1960,

Bearing in mind the responsability of the administering Power to undertake all efforts to create conditions enabling the people of Portuguese Timor to exercise freely their right to self-determination, freedom and independence and to determine their future political status in accordance with the principles of the Charter and the Declaration, is an atmosphere of peace and order,

Mindful that all States should, in conformity with Article 2, paragraph 4, of the Charter, refrain in their international relations from the threat or use of force agains the territorial integrity or national independence of any State, or from taking any action inconsistent with the purposes and principles of the Charter,

Deeply concerned at the critical situation resulting from the military intervention of the armed forces of Indonesia in Portuguese Timor,

1. Calls upon all States to respect the inalienable right of the people of Portuguese Timor to self-determination, freedom and independence and to de

termine their future political status in accordance with the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and the Declaration of the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples,

2. Calls upon the administering Power to continue to make every effort to find a solution by peaceful means through talks between the Government of Portugal and the political parties representing the people of Portuguese Timor,

3. Appeals to all the parties in Portuguese Timor to respond positively to efforts to find a peaceful solution through talks between them and the Government of Portugal in the hope that such talks will bring an end to the strife in that Territory and lead towards the orderly exercise of the right of self-determination by the people of Portuguese Timor,

4. Strongly deplores the military intervention of the armed forces of Indonesia in Portuguese Timor,

5. Calls upon the Government of Indonesia to desist from further violation of the territorial integrity of Potruguese Timor and to withdraw without delay its armed forces from the Territory in order to enable the people of the Territory freely to exercise teir right to self-determination and independence,

6. Draws the attention of the Security Council, in conformity with Article 11, paragraph 3, of the Charter, to the critical situation in the Territory of Timor and recommends that it take urgent action to protect the territorial integrity of Portuguese Timor and the inalienable right of its People to self-determination,

7. Calls upon all States to respect the unity ant territorial integrity of Portuguese Timor,

8. Requests the Government of Portugal to continue its co-operation with the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples and requests the Committee to send a fact-finding mission to the Territory as soon as possible, in consultation with the political parties in Portuguese Timor and the Government of Portugal.

(The resolution was adopted by 72 votes to 10, with 43 abstentions)

ANNEX III

Text of Security Council resolution 384 (1975) of 22 December 1975

THE SECURITY COUNCIL,

Having noted the contents of the letter of the Permanent Representative of Portugal (S/11899),

Having heard the statements of the representatives of Portugal and Indonesia,

Having heard representatives pf the people of East Timor,

Recognizing the inalienable right of the people of East Timor to self-determination and independence in accordance with the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples, contained in General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960,

Noting that General Assembly resolution 3485 (XXX) of 12 December 1975, inter alia, requested the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples to send a fact-finding mission to East Timor,

Gravely concerned at the deterioration of the situation in East Timor,

Gravely concerned also at the lost of life and conscious of the urgent need to avoid further bloodshed in East Timor,

Deploring the intervention of the armed forces of Indonesia in East Timor,

Regretting that the Government of Portugal did not discharge fully its responsabilities as administering Power in the Territory under Chapter XI of the Charter,

1. Calls upon all States to respect the territorial integrity of East Timor as well as the inalienable right of its people to self-determination in accordance with General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV),

2. Calls upon the Government of Indonesia to withdraw without delay all its forces from the Territory,

3. Calls upon the Government of Portugal as administering Power do co-operate fully with the United Nations so as to enable the people of East Ti-

mor to exercise freely their right to self-determination,

4. Urges all States ant other parties concerned to co-operate fully with the efforts of the United Nations to achieve a peaceful solution to the existing situation and to frcilitate the descolonization of the Territory,

5. Requests the Secretary-General to send urgently a special representative to East Timor for the purpose of making an on-the-spot assessment of the existing situation and of establishing contact with all the parties in the Territory and all States concerned in order to ensure the implementation of the present resolution,

6. Further requests the Secretary-General to follow the implementation of the present resolution and, taking into account the report of his special representative, to submit recommendations to the Secretary Council as soon as possible,

7. Decides to remain seized of the situation

(The resolution was adopted unanimously)

ANNEX IV

Text of Security Council resolution 389 (1976) of 22 April 1976

THE SECURITY COUNCIL,

Recalling its resolution 384 (1975) of 22 December 1975,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General of 12 March 1976 (S/ /12011),

Having heard the statements of the representatives of Portugal and Indonesia,

Having heard the statements of representatives of the people of East Timor,

Reaffirming the inalienable right of the people of East Timor to self-determination and independence in accordance with the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples, contained in General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960,

Beliving that all efforts should be made to create conditions that will enable the people of East Timor to exercise freely their right to self-determination,

Noting that the question of East Timor is before the General Assembly,

Conscious of the urgent need to bring to an end the continued situation of tension in East Timor,

Taking note of the statement by the representative of Indonesia,

1. Calls upon all States to respect the territorial integrity of East Timor, as well as the inalienable right of its people to self-determination in accordance with General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV),

2. Calls upon the Government of Indonesia to withdraw without further delay all its forces from the Territory,

3. Requests the Secretary-General to have his special representative continue the assigment entrusted to him under paragraph 5 of Security-Council resolution 384 (1975) and pursue consultation with the parties concerned,

4. Further requests the Secretary General to follow the implementation of the present resolution and submit a report to the Security Council as soon as possible,

5. Calls upon all States and other parties concerned to co-operate fully with the United Nations to achieve a peaceful solution to the existing situation and to facilitate the descolonization of the Territory,

6. Decides to remain seized of the situation

(The resolution was adopted by 12 votes to none, with two abstentions)

Benin did not participate in the voting.

ANNEX V

QUESTION OF TIMOR

Date = 1 December 1976 Meeting = 85

Vote = 68 - 20 - 49 (recorded) Report = A/31/362

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

Recognizing the inalienable right of all people to self-determination and independence in accordance with the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples, contained in its resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960,

Recalling its resolution3485 (XXX) of 12 December 1975 and Security Council resolutions 384 (1975) of 22 December 1975 and 389 (1976) of 22 April 1976,

Having examined the chapter of the report of the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples relating to the Territory,

Bearing in mind the part regarding the question of East Timor of the Political Declaration adopted by the Fifth Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Colombo from 16 to 19 August 1976,

Having heard the statement of the representative of Portugal,

Having also heard the statement of the representative of the Frente Revolucionária de Timor Leste Independente,

Mindful that all States should, in conformity with Article 2, paragraph 4, of the Charter of the United Nations, refrain in their international relations from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or national independence of any State, or in any other manner inconsistent with the purposes of the United Nations,

Deeply concerned at the critical situation resulting from the military intervention of the armed forces of Indonesia in East Timor,

1. Reaffirms the inalienable right of the People of East Timor to self-de-

termination and independence and the legitimacy of their struggle to achieve that right,

2. Reaffirms its resolution 3485 (XXX) and Security Council resolutions 384 (1975) and 389 (1976),

3. Affirms the principles stated in the part regarding the question of East Timor of the Political Declaration adopted by the Fifth Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries,

4. Strongly deplores the persistent refusal of the Government of Indonesia to comply with the provisions of General Assembly resolution 3485 (XXX) and Security Council resolutions 384 (1975) and 389 (1976).

5. Rejects the claim that East Timor has been integrated into Indonesia, inasmuch as the people of the Territory have not been able to exercise freely their right to self-determination and independence,

6. Calls upon the Government of Indonesia to withdraw all its forces from the Territory,

7. Draws the attention of the Security Council, in conformity with Article 11, paragraph 3, of the Charter of the United Nations, to the critical situation in the Territory of East Timor and recommends that it should take all effective steps for the immediate implementation of its resolutions 384 (1975) and 389 (1976) with a view to securing the full exercise by the people of East Timor of their right to self-determination and independence,

8. Requests the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples to keep the situation in the Territory under active consideration, to follow the implementation of the present resolution, to dispatch to the Territory as soon as possible a visiting mission with a view to the full and speedy implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples and to report to the General Assembly at its thirty-second session,

9. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its thirty-second session an item entitled "Question of East Timor".

ANNEX VI

QUESTION OF EAST TIMOR

Date = 28 November 1977 Meeting = 83

Vote = 67 - 26 - 47 (recorded) Report = A/32/357

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

Recognizing the inalienable right of all peoples to self-determination and independence in accordance with the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries ans Peoples, contained in ites resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960,

Having examined the chapter of the report of the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples relating to the Territory,

Having heard the statement of the representatives of Portugal and Indonesia,

Having also heard the statement of the representatives of the Frente Revolucionária de Timor Leste Independente,

Mindful that all States should, in conformity with Article 2, paragraph 4, of the Charter, refrain in their international relations from the threat of use of force against the territorial integrity or national independence of any State, or in any other manner inconsistent with the purpose of the United Nations,

Deeply concerned at the continuing critical situation in the Territory, resulting from the persistent refusal on the part of the Government of Indonesia to comply with the provisions of the resolutions of the General Assembly and the Security Council,

Recalling its resolutions 3484 (XXX) of 12 December 1975 and 31/53 of 1 December 1976 and Security Council resolutions 304 (1975) of 22 December 1975 and 389 (1976) of 22 April 1976,

1. Reaffirms the inalienable right of the People of East Timor to self-determination and independence and the legitimacy of their struggle to achie-

ve that right,

2. Reaffirms its resolution 3485 (XXX) and 31/53 and Security Council resolutions 384 (1975) and 389 (1976),

3. Rejects the claim that East Timor has been integrated into Indonesia inasmuch as the people of the Territory have not been able to exercise freely their right to self-determination and independence,

4. Requests the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples to keep the Situation in the Territory under active consideration, to follow the implementation of the present resolution, to dispatch to the Territory as soon as possible a visiting mission with a view to the full and speedy implementation of the Declaration and to report thereon to the General Assembly at its thirty-third session,

5. Requests the Secretary General in consultation with the Chairman of the Special Committee, in the meantime to send urgently a special representative to East Timor for the purpose of making a thorough, on-the-spot assessment of the existing situation in the Territory and of establishing contact with the representatives of the Frente Revolucionaria de Timor Leste Independente and the Government of Indonesia, as well as the Government of other States concerned, in order to prepare the ground for a visiting mission of the Special Committee, and to report thereon to the Special Committee,

6. Draws the attention of the Security Council, in conformity with Article 11, paragraph 3, of the Charter of the United Nations, to the critical situation in the Territory of East Timor and recommends that it should take all effective steps for the implementation of its resolutions 384 (1975) and 389 (1976) with a view to securing the full exercise by the people of East Timor of their right to self-determination and independence,

7. Calls upon the Government of Indonesia and the leadership of the Frente Revolucionaria de Timor Leste Independente to facilitate the entry into East Timor of the International Committee of the Red Cross and other relief organisations in order to assist the people of the Territory,

8. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its thirty-third session the item entitled "Question of East Timor".

ANNEX VII

QUESTION OF EAST TIMOR

Date = 13 December 1978 Meeting = 81

Vote = 59 - 31 - 44 (recorded) Report = A/33/455

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

Recognizing the inalienable right of all peoples to sel-determination and independence in accordance with the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples, contained in its resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960,

Recalling its resolutions 3485 (XXX) of 12 December 1975, 31/53 of 1 December 1976 and 32/34 of 28 November 1977 and Security Council resolutions, 384 (1975) of 22 December 1975 and 389 (1976) of 22 April 1976,

Having examined the chapter of the report of the Special Committee in the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples relating to the Territory,

Having heard the statement made on the subject of East Timor, including statement by the representative of the Frente Revolucionaria de Timor Leste Independente,

Deeply concerned at the continuing critical situation in the Territory, resulting from the persistent refusal on the part of the Government of Indonesia to comply with the provisions of the relevant resolutions of the General Assembly and the Security Council,

Bearing in mind the part of the Declaration of the Conference of Ministers for Foreign Affairs of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Belgrade from 25 to 30 July 1978, relating to East Timor,

Mindful that all States should, in conformity with Article 2, paragraph 4, of the Charter, refrain in their international relations from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or national independence of any State, or in any other manner inconsistent with the purpose of the United Nations,

1. Reaffirms the inalieanable right of the people of East Timor to self-de-

termination and independence, and the legitimacy of their struggle to achieve that right,

2. Reaffirms its resolutions 3485 (XXX), 31/53 and 32/34 and Security Council resolutions 384 (1975) and 389 (1976),

3. Requests the Special Committee on the situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples to keep the situation in the Territory under active consideration, to follow the implementation of the present resolution, to dispatch to the Territory as soon as possible a visiting mission with a view to the full and speedy implementation of the Declaration and to report thereon to the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session,

4. Draws the attention of the Security Council, in conformity with Article 11, paragraph 3, of the Charter of the United Nations, to the critical situation in the Territory of East Timor and recommends that it take all effective steps for the implementation of its resolutions 384 (1975) and 389 (1976) with a view to securing the full exercise by the people of East Timor of their right to self-determination and independence,

5. Decides to include in the agenda of its thirty-fourth session the item entitled "Question of East Timor".

ANNEX VIII

QUESTION OF EAST TIMOR

Date = 21 November 1979 Meeting = 75

Vote = 62 - 31 - 45 (recorded) Report = A/34/668

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

Recognizing the inalienable right of all people to self-determination and independence in accordance with the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples, contained in its resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960,

Bearing in mind the part of the Political Declaration adopted by the Sixth

Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries,held at Havana from 3 to 9 Sepetember 1979, relating to East Timor,

Having examined the chapter of the report of the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples relating to the Territory,

Having heard the statement by the representatives of Portugal, as the administering Power, and of Indonesia,

Having also heard the statements by the petitioners including the representative of the Frente Revolucionaria de Timor Leste Independente,

1. Reaffirms the inalienable right of the people of East Timor to self-determination and independence, in accordance with General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV),

2. Declares that the people of East Timor must be enable freely to determine their own future, under the auspices of the United Nations,

3. Expresses its deepest concern at the suffering of the people of East Timor as a result of the situation now prevailing in the Territory,

4. Calls upon all parties concerned to facilitate the entry into the Territory of international relief aid in order to alleviate the suffering of the people of East Timor,

5. Requests the United Nations Children's Fund and the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees to render, within their respective fields of competence, all possble assistance to the people of East Timor,particularly the children and those seeking to leave for another country for purposes of family reunion,

6. Requests the Secretary-General to follow the implementation of the present resolution and to report thereon to the General Assembly at its thirty fith session,

7. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its thirty-fifth session the item entitled "Question of East Timor".

QUESTION OF EAST TIMOR 1980

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

Recognizing the inalienable right of all people to self-determination and independence, in accordance with the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples, contained in resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960.

Considering that the international community is celebrating this year the twentieth anniversary of General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV),

Bearing in mind that the Fifth and Sixth Summits of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries, held in Sri Lanka and Cuba, in 1976 and 1979, respectively, reaffirmed the right of the people of East Timor to self-determination and independence,

Having examined the chapter and other relevant documents of the report of the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples relating to the territory,

Taking into consideration the recent communique of the Council of Ministers of Portugal, of 12 September 1980, in which the Administering Power reaffirms the right of the people of East Timor to self-determination,

Taking also into consideration the diplomatic initiative by the Portuguese Government with a view to find a global solution to the problem to East Timor,

Deeply concerned at the continuing suffering of the people of East Timor as a result of the situation of hostilities still prevaling in the territory,

Having heard the statements by various East Timorese petioners and international experts, Non-Governmental Organizations, as well as the Representative of the Frente Revolucionaria de Timor Leste Independente - FRETILIN,

1. Reaffirms the inalienable right of the people of East Timor to self-determination and independence, in accordance with the General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960,

2. Declares that the people of East Timor must be enabled to freely determine their own future within the framework of the United Nations,

3. Welcomes the diplomatic initiative by the Portuguese Government as a first step towards the free exercise by the people of East Timor of their right to self-determination and independence, and urges all parties directly concerned to cooperate fully of the General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV) ,

4. Expresses its deepest concern at the continuing suffering of the people of East Timor as a result of the situation still prevailing in the territory,

5. Request the World Food Program, the United Nations Childre'n Fund - UNICEF - and the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees - UNHCR - to render, within their respective fields of competence, all possible assistance to the people of East Timor, particularly the children,

6. Request the Secretary General to follow the implementation of the present resolution and to report thereon to the General Assembly at its thirty-sixth session, on all aspects of the situation in East Timor, particularly,the political developments as related to in paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 4,

7. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its thirty-sixth session an item entitled "Question of East Timor".

	1975			1976			1977			1978			1979			1980		
	Y	A	N	Y	A	N	Y	A	N	Y	A	N	Y	A	N	Y	A	N
Afghanistan		●			●			●		●			●			●		
Albania	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Algeria	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Angola							●			●			●			●		
Argentina		●			●			●			●			●				●
Australia	●				●			●				●			●			●
Austria		●			●			●			●			●			●	
Bahamas		●			●			●			●			●			●	
Bahrain	●				●			●			●			●			●	
Bangladesh	●					●			●			●			●			●
Barbados	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Belgium		●			●			●			●			●			●	
Benin			●	●			●			●			●			●		
Bhutan		●			●			●			●			●			●	
Bolivia	●				●			●			●			●				●
Botswana	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Brazil	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Bulgaria	●			●			●			●								
Burma								●			●			●			●	
Burundi	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Byelorussianssr	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Canada		●			●			●			●			●				●
Cape Verde				●			●			●			●			●		
Cent.Afric.Rep.				●			●			●			●			●		
Chad	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Chile		●				●			●			●			●			●
China	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Colombia		●			●			●			●				●			●
Comoros							●											
Congo				●			●			●			●			●		
Costa Rica		●			●			●					●				●	
Cuba	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Cyprus	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Czechoslovakia	●			●			●			●				●			●	
Dem.Kampuchea				●														●
Dem.Yemen	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Denmark		●			●			●			●			●			●	
Djibouti								●										
Dominica																		
Dominican Rep.					●			●			●			●			●	
Ecuador	●			●			●										●	
Egypt	●	●			●				●			●			●			●
El Salvador	●				●			●			●			●				●
Equat.Guinea	●			●			●						●			●		
Ethiopia	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Fiji	●				●			●			●			●			●	
Finland		●			●			●			●			●			●	
France		●			●			●			●			●			●	
Gagon	●			●			●				●			●			●	
Gambia	●			●			●			●			●					
German D.R.	●			●			●			●								
Germany F.R.		●			●			●			●			●			●	
Ghana	●			●			●			●			●			●		

	1975			1976			1977			1978			1979			1980		
	Y	A	N	Y	A	N	Y	A	N	Y	A	N	Y	A	N	Y	A	N
Greece	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Grenada	●				●		●			●			●			●		
Guatemala		●			●			●			●			●				●
Guinea	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Guinea-Bissau	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Guyana	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Haiti	●				●		●			●			●			●		
Honduras					●			●			●				●			●
Hungary	●			●			●			●				●			●	
Iceland	●			●			●						●			●		
India			●			●			●			●			●			●
Indonesia			●			●			●			●			●			●
Iran			●			●			●			●	●			●		
Iraq		●			●				●			●			●			●
Ireland		●			●			●			●			●			●	
Israel		●			●			●			●			●			●	
Italy		●			●			●			●			●			●	
Ivory Coast	●			●				●			●			●			●	
Jamaica	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Japan			●			●			●			●			●			●
Jordan		●				●			●			●			●			●
Kenya	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Kuwait	●				●			●			●			●				
Lao P.D.R.	●			●			●				●		●			●		
Lebanon					●			●			●			●				
Lesotho	●			●			●			●			●				●	
Liberia	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Libyan A.J.																		
Luxembourg		●			●			●			●			●			●	
Madagascar	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Malawi	●			●				●		●			●			●		
Malaysia			●			●			●			●			●			●
Maldives					●				●			●			●			●
Mali	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Malta																		
Mauritania		●				●			●			●		●			●	
Mauritius		●		●						●							●	
Mexico	●			●			●			●			●					
Mongolia	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Morocco		●				●			●			●		●			●	
Mozambique	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Nepal	●				●			●			●			●			●	
Netherlands		●			●			●			●			●			●	
New Zealand		●			●			●			●				●			●
Nicaragua		●				●			●			●	●			●		
Niger	●						●			●			●			●		
Nigeria	●			●			●				●			●			●	
Norway		●			●			●			●			●			●	
Oman		●				●			●			●			●			●
Pakistan	●				●			●			●			●			●	
Panama		●		●			●				●			●			●	
Papua N Guinea					●			●				●			●			●
Paraguay		●			●			●				●			●			
Peru	●				●			●			●			●			●	
Philippines			●			●			●			●			●			●

	1975			1976			1977			1978			1979			1980		
	Y	A	N	Y	A	N	Y	A	N	Y	A	N	Y	A	N	Y	A	N
Poland	●			●			●										●	
Portugal	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Qatar		●			●			●				●			●			●
Romania	●			●			●							●			●	
Rwanda	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Saint Lucia													●			●		
St Vincent-Gren																		
Samoa								●			●			●			●	
Sao Tome/Princ.				●			●			●			●			●		
Saudi Arabia			●			●			●			●			●			●
Senegal	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Seychelles											●		●			●		
Sierra Leone	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Singapore		●							●			●			●			●
Solomon Isl.																		
Somalia					●						●						●	
South Africa																		
Spain		●			●			●			●			●			●	
Sri Lanka		●			●			●			●			●			●	
Sudan		●			●			●			●				●			●
Suriname						●			●			●			●			●
Swaziland	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Sweden	●			●			●			●			●				●	
Syrian A.R.		●			●				●			●			●			●
Thailand			●			●			●			●			●			●
Togo	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Trinidad-Tobago	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Tunisia						●			●			●			●			●
Turkey		●				●			●			●			●			●
Uganda	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Ukraninian SSR	●			●			●			●			●			●		
URRS	●			●			●			●			●			●		
U.A.Emirates	●				●			●			●			●			●	
United Kingdom		●			●			●			●			●			●	
U.R.Cameroon	●			●			●			●				●			●	
U.R.Tanzania	●			●			●			●			●			●		
United States		●				●			●			●			●			●
Upper Volta	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Uruguay		●				●			●			●			●			●
Venezuela	●				●			●			●			●			●	
Viet Nan							●						●			●		
Yemen					●										●			●
Yugoslavia		●			●			●			●			●			●	
Zaire		●			●				●			●			●		●	
Zambia	●			●			●			●			●			●		
Zimbabwe																●		